

Rules 169 to 202

Rules of Procedure

PART 2. - EVIDENCE

Chapter 1 – Witnesses and experts of the parties (Rules 175-180)

Chapter 2 – Court experts (Rules 185-188)

Chapter 3 – Order to produce evidence and to communicate information (Rules 190-191)

Chapter 4 – Order to preserve evidence (*saisie*) and order for inspection (Rules 192-199)

Chapter 5 - Other evidence (Rules 200-202)

VÉRON VÁ & ASSOCIÉS

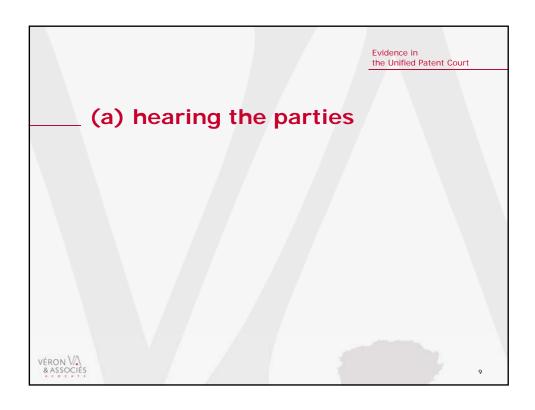
Evidence in the Unified Patent Court

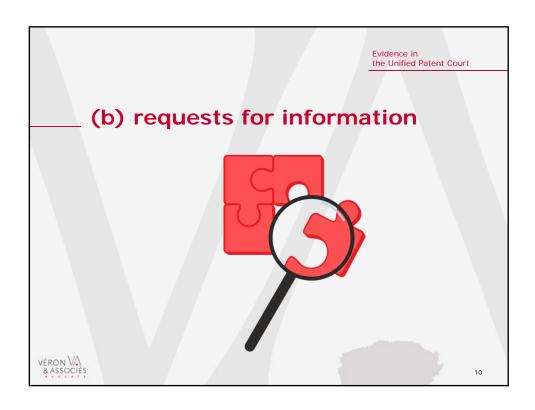
Article 53 (1) UPC Agreement

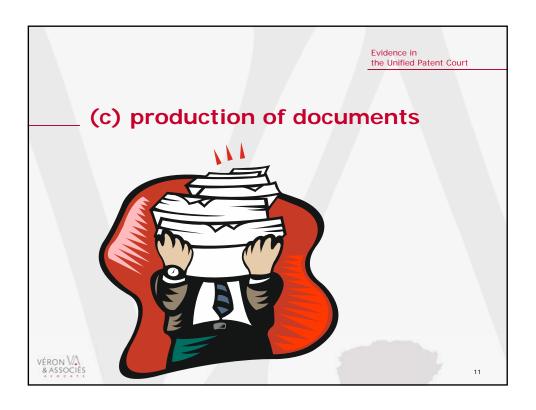
Means of evidence

- "(1) In proceedings before the Court, the means of giving or obtaining evidence shall include in particular the following:
- (a) hearing the parties;
- (b) requests for information;
- (c) production of documents;
- (d) hearing witnesses;
- (e) opinions by experts;
- (f) inspections;
- (g) comparative tests or experiments;
- (h) sworn statements in writing (affidavits)..."

véron VA & associés







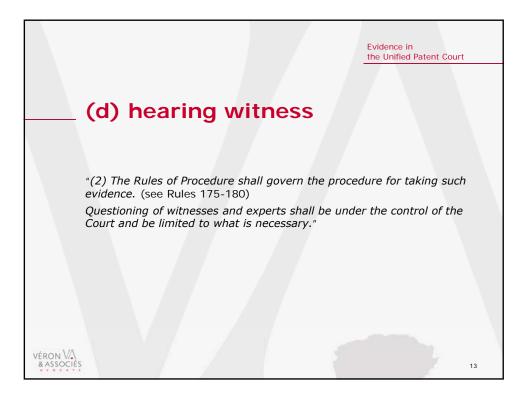
Rule 170(1)

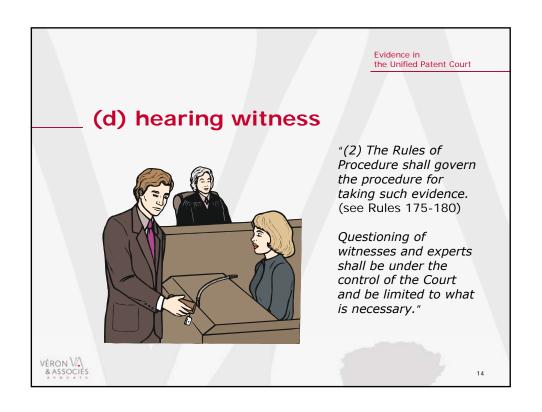
Evidence in the Unified Patent Court

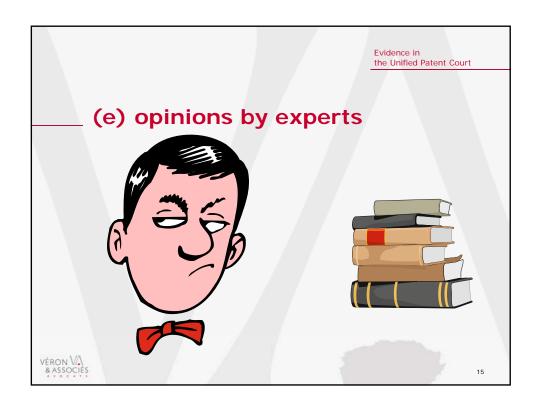
Means of evidence and means of obtaining evidence

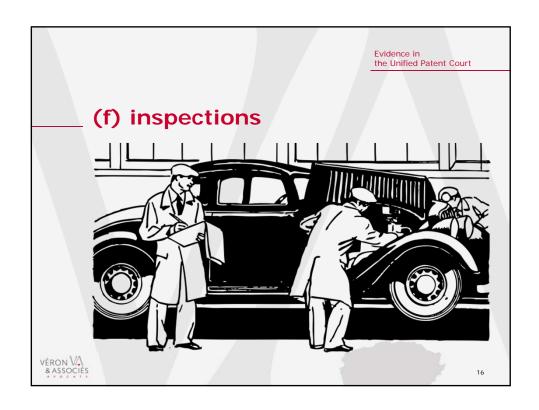
- "1. In proceedings before the Court, the means of evidence shall include in particular the following:
- written evidence, whether printed, hand-written or drawn, in particular documents, written witness statements, plans, drawings, photographs;
- expert reports and reports on experiments carried out for the purpose of the proceedings;
- physical objects, in particular devices, products, embodiments, exhibits, models;
- electronic files and audio/video recordings."

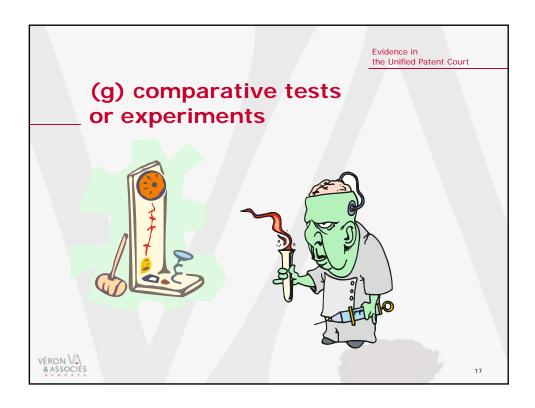
VÉRON VÁ & ASSOCIÉS

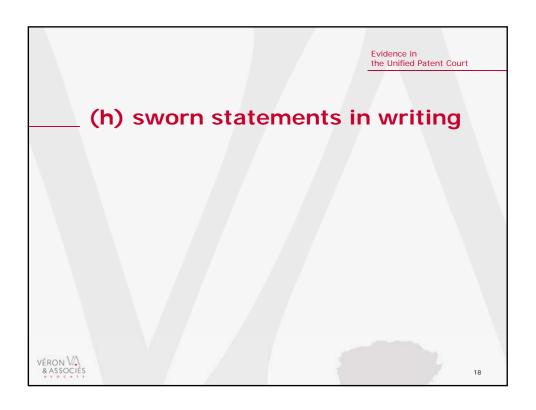












Rule 171

Offering of evidence

- "1. A party making a statement of fact that is contested or likely to be contested by the other party shall indicate the means of evidence to prove it. In case of failure to indicate the means of evidence regarding a contested fact, the Court shall take such failure into account when deciding the issue in question.
- 2. A statement of fact that is not specifically contested by any party shall be held to be true as between the parties."

VÉRON WA & ASSOCIÉS

19

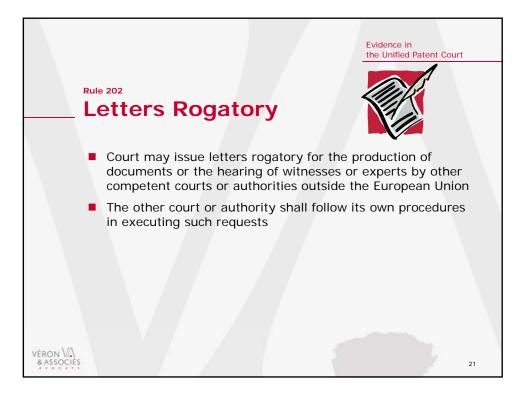
Evidence in the Unified Patent Court

Rule 172

Duty to produce evidence

- "1. Evidence available to a party regarding a statement of fact that is contested or likely to be contested by the other party must be produced by the party making that statement of fact.
- 2. The Court may at any time during the proceedings order a party making a statement of fact to produce evidence that lies in the control of that party. If the party fails to produce the evidence, the Court shall take such failure into account when deciding on the issue in question."

véron WA & associés



Article 58 UPC Agreement

Protection of confidential information: general principle

"To protect the trade secrets, personal data or other confidential information of a party to the proceedings or of a third party, or to prevent an abuse of evidence, the Court may order that the collection and use of evidence in proceedings before it be restricted or prohibited or that access to such evidence be restricted to specific persons"

VÉRON VÁ & ASSOCIÉS

Rule 262

Protection of confidential information: public access to written pleadings

"1....written pleadings, written evidence, decisions and orders lodged at or made by the Court and recorded by the Registry shall be available to the public, unless a party has requested that certain information be kept confidential and provided specific reasons for such confidentiality. ... Where a party requests that parts of written pleadings or written evidence shall be kept confidential, he shall also provide copies of the said documents with the relevant parts redacted when making the request."

véron WA & associés

23

Evidence in

Rule 262 continued

Protection of confidential information: public access to written pleadings

- "2. A member of the public may lodge an Application with the Court for an order that any information excluded from public access pursuant to paragraph 1 may be made available to the applicant.
- 3. The Application shall contain [details, grounds, purpose]
- 4. The Court shall invite written comments from the parties prior to making any order.
- 5. The Court shall allow the Application unless legitimate reasons given by the party concerned for the confidentiality of the information outweigh the interest of the applicant to access such information."

véron WA & associés



The French saisie-contrefaçon



Code de la propriété intellectuelle Article L. 615-5

"The infringement shall be proven by any means.

For that purpose, any person with authority to bring an action for infringement shall be entitled, on the ex parte order issued by the competent civil court, to direct any bailiff if necessary accompanied by experts appointed by the claimant, to proceed in any place with either the detailed description, with or without the taking of samples, or the physical seizure of the allegedly infringing articles or processes as well as any related document. The order may authorise the physical seizure of any document relating to the allegedly infringing products or processes in the absence of these products or processes."

VÉRON WA & ASSOCIÉS

Article 60 UPC Agreement

Order to preserve evidence and to inspect premises

- (1) At the request of the applicant which has presented reasonably available evidence to support the claim that the patent has been infringed or is about to be infringed the Court may, even before the commencement of proceedings on the merits of the case, order prompt and effective provisional measures to preserve relevant evidence in respect of the alleged infringement, subject to the protection of confidential information.
- (2) Such measures may include the detailed description, with or without the taking of samples, or the physical seizure of the infringing products, and, in appropriate cases, the materials and implements used in the production and/or distribution of those products and the documents relating thereto.



27

Evidence in the Unified Patent Court

Article 60 UPC Agreement

Order to preserve evidence and to inspect premises

- (3) The Court may, even before the commencement of proceedings on the merits of the case, at the request of the applicant who has presented evidence to support the claim that the patent has been infringed or is about to be infringed order the **inspection of premises**. Such inspection of premises shall be conducted by **a person appointed by the Court** in accordance with the Rules of Procedure. (see Rules 192-199)
- (4) At the inspection of the premises the applicant shall not be present itself but may be represented by an independent professional practitioner whose name has to be specified in the Court's order.
- (5) Measures shall be ordered, if necessary without the other party having been heard, in particular where any delay is likely to cause irreparable harm to the proprietor of the patent, or where there is a demonstrable risk of evidence being destroyed... "

Obtaining the order much easier in France than at UPC

France

- a saisie order is a right for the patent owner: the applicant is not required by law to present evidence of infringement
- the other party is never heard nor informed before the saisie

Unified Patent Court

- the applicant must present "reasonably available evidence to support the claim that the patent has been infringed or is about to be infringed"
- "measures shall be ordered, if necessary without the other party having been heard, in particular where any delay is likely to cause irreparable harm to the proprietor of the patent, or where there is a demonstrable risk of evidence being destroyed"

VÉRON WA & ASSOCIÉS

Evidence in the Unified Patent Court

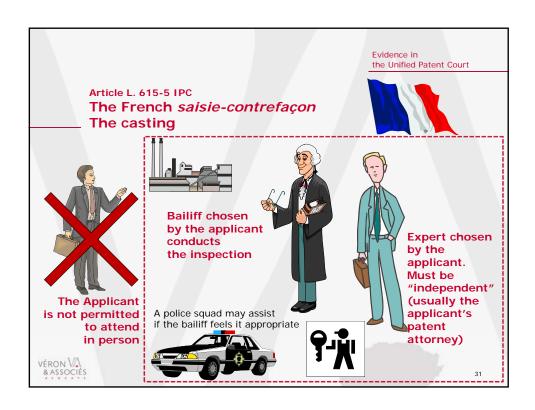
Conduct similar in France and at UPC

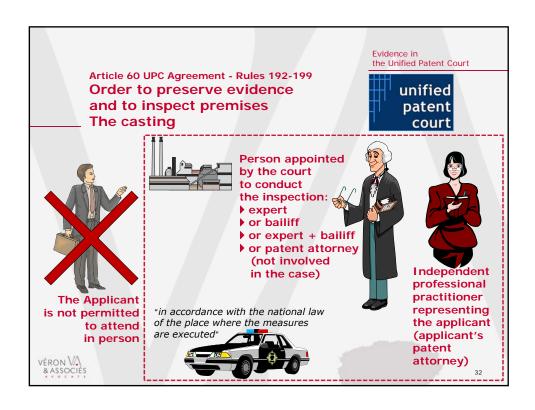
France

- the applicant shall not be present itself
- the saisie is conducted by a bailiff (a variety of public officer) chosen by the applicant
- the bailiff may be assisted by experts chosen by the applicant; they must be "independent" (usually the applicant's patent attorney)

Unified Patent Court

- "the applicant shall not be present itself"
- "inspection of premises shall be conducted by a person appointed by the Court": expert or bailiff or expert + bailiff or patent attorney (not involved in the case)
- "the applicant ... may be represented by an independent professional practitioner whose name has to be specified in the Court's order"





The same things can be done in France and at UPC

France

Unified Patent Court

- "1. The Court may order, in particular, the following:
- a) preserving evidence by detailed **description**, with or without the **taking of samples**;
- b) physical seizure of allegedly infringing goods;
- c) **physical seizure** of the **materials** and implements used in the production and/or distribution of these goods and **any related document**;
- d) the preservation and disclosure of **digital media and data** and the disclosure of any passwords necessary to access them."

ÉRON VA & ASSOCIÉS Rule 196 - Order on the Application for preserving evidence

33

Evidence in the Unified Patent Court

Protection of confidential information in France and at UPC

France

- when the person subject to saisie alleges that a document contains confidential information, the bailiff puts it in a sealed envelope
- the document under seal will be examined by parties' counsels for redaction of information not useful for evidence of infringement
 - where parties disagree, the court decides, often on the basis of a court appointed expert

Unified Patent Court

"For the protection of confidential information the Court may order that any of the above be disclosed only to certain named persons and subject to appropriate terms of non-disclosure"

Rule 196 – Order on the Application for preserving evidence

Report of saisie-contrefaçon in France and at UPC

France

the person subject to saisie receives immediately a copy of the report

- The applicant also receives immediately a copy of the report (except when confidential information is at stake)
- the report may be used for other proceedings (including foreign proceedings) unless otherwise provided

Unified Patent Court

- Rules of procedure do not specify that the person subject to saisie receive (immediately or later) a copy of the report
- Rules of procedure do not specify that the applicant also receives immediately a copy of the report (the report is filed with the Registrar)
- the report may not be used for other proceedings



Localization

- Local divisions likely to follow their national practice until a UPC case law firmly establishes
- On hot topics the Court of appeal will have to set the tune

VÉRON VA & ASSOCIÉS

37

Evidence in the Unified Patent Court

More about saisie-contrefaçon and order to preserve evidence?

- Trilingual website www.saisie-contrefaçon.fr
- International conference
- Film *"Saisie-contrefaçon"*
- Trilingual book "Saisie-contrefaçon"

véron WA & associés



www.saisie-contrefaçon.fr

Evidence in the Unified Patent Court

International conference of 17 December 2012 The saisie-contrefaçon in Europe

For the 3rd edition of *Saisie-contrefaçon*, Véron & Associés held a conference on 17 December 2012 at the Palais de la découverte, in Paris, to present the equivalents to this means of proof of infringement in Belgium, the Netherlands, Germany and the United Kingdom.

Renowned specialists in patent litigation in these countries (Fernand de Visscher, Simont Braun, Brussels; Richard Ebbink and Ruprecht Hermans, Brinkhof, Amsterdam; Thomas Reimann and Martin Köhler, ROKH IP, Düsseldorf; Penny Gilbert and Alex Wilson, Powell Gilbert, London) answered many questions relating to the means of obtaining evidence in their respective country.

View the conference PowerPoint presentation





